EMR specimens of Esophagus, Gastroesophageal

Definitions: Tumors that are centered within the proximal 5 cm of the stomach and which extend into the EGJ or esophagus are included here as EGJ tumors. Tumors that arise within the proximal 5 cm of the stomach and which do not extend into the EGJ are staged as gastric carcinoma.

If more than one carcinoma, use a separate template for each. No need to use a separate template for one carcinoma removed piecemeal by more than one EMR

Location:
- Esophagus
  - upper
  - Middle
  - lower
- Gastroesophageal Junction

Size:

Type of carcinoma:
- Squamous cell carcinoma typical
- Adenocarcinoma arising in Barrett's mucosa
- Adenocarcinoma not arising in Barrett's mucosa
- Adenocarcinoma, cannot tell if Barrett's or not
- Other

Degree of differentiation
- Well/moderately
- Poorly

Depth of invasion:
- Lamina propria and muscularis mucosae: (remember in Barrett's carcinomas, there is likely to be a duplicated muscularis mucosae. The original muscularis mucosae will be the deeper one.)
- Submucosa

Lymphovascular invasion: Yes No
Mucosal margin involved: Yes, specify block No
Deep margin involved: Yes, specify block No

pTNM: only the T stage can be evaluated. N will be Nx, and there will be no M

T Stage:
- T1 Tumor invades lamina propria, muscularis mucosae or submucosa
  - T1a Tumor invades lamina propria or muscularis mucosae (for Barrett's carcinomas, this is the deep or original muscularis mucosae)
  - T1b Tumor invades submucosa