GALLBLADDER CARCINOMAS

Procedure
Cholecystectomy
Radical cholecystectomy (with liver resection and lymphadenectomy)
Other (specify): _________

Tumor Site (select all that apply)
Fundus.
Body.
Neck.
Cystic duct.
Free peritoneal side of gallbladder.
Hepatic side of gallbladder.
Cannot be determined.

Tumor Size: ___ cm

Histologic Type
Adenocarcinoma
Mucinous adenocarcinoma
Other (specify): _________

Histologic Grade
Well differentiated, G1
Moderately differentiated, G2
Poorly differentiated, G3
Undifferentiated

Tumor Extension
Invades lamina propria
Invades muscular layer
Invades perimuscular connective tissue on peritoneal side without serosal involvement
Invades perimuscular connective tissue on hepatic side without liver involvement
Perforates serosa (visceral peritoneum)
Invades liver
Invades adjacent organs and/or structures (specify)#: _________
Invades main portal vein and/or hepatic artery
No evidence of primary tumor

# Adjacent organs/structures include stomach, duodenum, colon, pancreas, extrahepatic bile ducts, omentum, main portal vein, and hepatic artery
Margins
- Negative (all margins including cystic duct margin are uninvolved by invasive carcinoma or high-grade biliary intraepithelial neoplasia)
- Negative (all margins including cystic duct and hepatic parenchymal margins are uninvolved by invasive carcinoma or high-grade biliary intraepithelial neoplasia)
- All margins negative for invasive carcinoma. Cystic duct margin involved by high-grade biliary intraepithelial neoplasia.
- Positive (specify margin):

Regional Lymph Nodes
No lymph nodes submitted of found
Number of positive lymph nodes / Total number of nodes examined: ____/____

Distant Metastasis: Yes (specify sites): Unknown

Pathologic Stage Classification (AJCC 8th Edition)

Note: Modify the pTNM stage with m (multiple primaries - suffix), r (recurrent) and/or y (post-treatment) as applicable

T stage
- T0: No evidence of primary tumor
- T1a: Tumor invades lamina propria
- T1b: Tumor invades muscular layer
- T2a: Tumor invades perimuscular connective tissue on peritoneal side, without involvement of serosa
- T2b: Tumor invades the perimuscular connective tissue on hepatic side, with no extension into liver
- T3: Tumor perforates serosa and/or directly invades liver and/or one other adjacent organ or structure
- T4: Tumor invades main portal vein and/or hepatic artery OR invades two or more extrahepatic organs or structures

N stage
- N0: No regional lymph node metastasis
- N1: Metastases to one to three regional lymph nodes
- N2: Metastases to four or more regional lymph nodes

M stage
- M1: Distant metastasis