TESTICLE NEOPLASM

Specimen Laterality: Right    Left    Not specified
Tumor Focality: Unifocal    Multifocal
Tumor size (greatest dimension): ______ cm

Histologic type:
Seminoma
Seminoma with syncytiotrophoblastic cells
Seminoma with associated scar
Spermatocytic tumor
Spermatocytic tumor with a sarcomatoid component
Sex cord-stromal tumor; subtype: Sertoli cell tumor, NOS
Sex cord-stromal tumor, subtype: Sertoli cell tumor, malignant
Sex cord-stromal tumor; subtype: Leydig cell tumor
Sex cord-stromal tumor, subtype: Leydig cell tumor, malignant
Sex cord-stromal tumor; subtype: Granulosa cell tumor, adult type
Sex cord-stromal tumor, subtype: Granulosa cell tumor, juvenile type
Sex cord-stromal tumor; subtype: Other
Non-seminomatous germ cell tumor – pure
Non-seminomatous germ cell tumor – mixed
Other (specify): _________

Seminoma:    _____%
Embryonal carcinoma:   _____%
Yolk sac tumor:    _____%
Choriocarcinoma:   ______%
Teratoma:    _____%
Other:     _____%

Rete testis invasion: Present    Absent   N/A
Tumor extends beyong testis: Yes    No
• If yes, tumor invades (check all that apply):
  ▪ Hilar soft tissue
  ▪ Epididymis
  ▪ Tunica albuginea (perforates mesothelium)
  ▪ Spermatic cord
  ▪ Scrotum
  ▪ Other structures (specify):
  ▪ Cannot be assessed

Necrosis:    Present    Absent    N/A
Lymphovascular invasion:    Present    Absent    N/A
Spermatic cord margin: Positive    Negative    N/A
Extent of primary tumor (pT):
- Primary tumor cannot be assessed (pTX)
- No evidence of primary tumor (pT0)
- Germ cell neoplasia in situ only (pTis)
- Tumor limited to testis (including rete testis invasion) without lymphovascular invasion and tumor smaller than 3 cm in size (pT1a)
- Tumor limited to testis (including rete testis invasion) without lymphovascular invasion and tumor 3 cm or larger in size (pT1b)
- Tumor limited to the testis (including rete testis invasion) with lymphovascular invasion, or tumor invading hilar soft tissue or epididymis or penetrating visceral mesothelial layer covering external surface of tunica albuginea with or without lymphovascular invasion (pT2)
- Tumor invades spermatic cord with or without lymphovascular invasion (pT3)
- Tumor invades scrotum with or without lymphovascular invasion (pT4)

Lymph node status (pN):
- Regional lymph nodes cannot assessed (pNX)
- No regional lymph node metastasis (pN0)
- Metastasis with a lymph node mass 2 cm or smaller in greatest dimension and less than or equal to 5 nodes positive, none larger than 2 cm in greatest dimension (pN1)
- Metastasis with a lymph node mass larger than 2 cm but not larger than 5 cm in greatest dimension; or more than 5 nodes positive, none larger than 5 cm; or evidence of extranodal extension of tumor (pN2)
- Metastasis with a lymph node mass larger than 5 cm in greatest dimension (pN3)

Distant metastasis (pM) (required only if confirmed pathologically in this case):
- Not assessed
- Nonretroperitoneal nodal or pulmonary metastases (pM1a)
- Nonpulmonary visceral metastases (pM1b)