URINARY BLADDER NEOPLASM

Specimen:  Urinary bladder and prostate  
            Urinary bladder  
            Other: ________________

Procedure:  Cystoprostatectomy  
            Cystectomy  
            Other: ________________

Tumor Site:  Anterior wall  
            Posterior wall  
            Dome  
            Right lateral wall  
            Left lateral wall  
            Trigone  
            Multifocal  
            Other: ______

Tumor Size (greatest dimension): ______ cm

Histologic Type:  Urothelial carcinoma  
                    Squamous cell carcinoma  
                    Adenocarcinoma  
                    Small cell carcinoma  
                    Other: ________________

Grade (ISUP/WHO):  Low-grade  
                    High-grade  
                    Other: ________________

Architecture:  Papillary  
              Inverted  
              Mixed  
              N/A

Non-urothelial Differentiation:  Present  AbSENT  N/A  
                                If present, specify: ______

Involvement of Prostate:  Absent  
                        Present, urethra only  
                        Present, prostatic ducts/acini  
                        Present, prostatic parenchyma  
                        N/A

Adjacent Flat Carcinoma In Situ (Tis):  Present  Absent  N/A

Lymphovascular Invasion:  Present  Absent
Margin Status:

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<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Positive</th>
<th>Negative</th>
<th>N/A</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Urethral</td>
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<tr>
<td>Soft Tissue</td>
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<td>Ureteral</td>
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Extent of Primary Tumor:

- No evidence of primary tumor (pT0)
- Noninvasive papillary carcinoma (pTa)
- Flat carcinoma in situ (pTis)
- Tumor invades lamina propria (pT1)
- Tumor invades muscularis propria, inner half (pT2a)
- Tumor invades muscularis propria, outer half (pT2b)
- Tumor invades perivesicular tissue, microscopically (pT3a)
- Tumor invades perivesicular tissue, macroscopically (pT3b)
- Tumor invades prostate parenchyma/uterus/vagina* (pT4a)
- Tumor invades pelvic wall/abdominal wall (pT4b)

*Defined as prostatic stromal invasion directly from bladder cancer. This staging system should not be used for tumors originating in prostatic urethra. Subepithelial invasion of prostatic urethra of a tumor from the prostatic urethra does not constitute T4 staging status.

Lymph Node Status:

- No lymph node metastasis (pN0)
- Single regional lymph node metastasis in the true pelvis (hypogastric, obturator, external iliac or presacral lymph node) (pN1)
- Metastasis in multiple regional lymph nodes in the true pelvis (pN2)
- Lymph node metastasis to the common iliac lymph nodes (pN3)

Number (fraction positive): _____ / _____
Site(s): _____
Size of largest positive lymph node: ____ cm
Extranodal extension: Present Absent